

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA NEURAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES BUILDING

415 University Ave, Philadelphia, PA 19104

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Technical Report Part II

10.14.13

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In the following report, an analysis of the existing electrical system in University of Pennsylvania's Neural and Behavioral Sciences building is presented. The analysis provides appropriate criteria regarding emergency power, building utilization voltage, special occupancies, and power distribution in accordance to ASHRAE, NEC, and IBC. This report also defines the scope of work and design priorities. Load calculations at various stages of design is performed and compared.

Overall, the electrical system is robust and reliable. Since the NBS building is a laboratory, larger equipment loads and added redundancy require a larger electrical system despite costs. Supplied medium voltage is distributed through the building at 480/277V by a double-ended substation, transformers, distribution panels, bus ducts, and panelboards. The building has an actual calculated load of 1168A. The project is slated to achieve LEED Silver primarily through daylighting, lighting controls, and HVAC specifications. With any building, room for improvement still exists and is explained later in this report.

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BUILDING OVERVIEW

Name | University of Pennsylvania Neural and Behavioral Sciences Building

Location | 415 University Ave, Philadelphia, PA 19104

Occupant Name | University of Pennsylvania faculty, staff and students

Occupant Type | Business (B), Assembly (A-3), and Storage (S-1)

Size | 77,100 SF total

Number of Stories | Five stories and a basement below grade

Construction Dates | January 2014 – March 2016

Estimated Building Cost | \$49,300,000

Project Delivery Method | Guaranteed Maximum Price (GMP)

PROJECT TEAM

Architecture & Engineering | SmithGroupJJR, Inc.

Project Manager: Mark Potter

Architect: Sven Shockey

Structural Engineer: ZY Liu + Liliana Blackson

Mechanical Engineer: Dan Mather + Liz Kaminsky

Electrical Engineer: Joe Trusk + Andrew Verilone

Lighting Designer: Matt Alleman + Leland Curtis

Interior Designer: Lori James

Sustainability: Chris Heine

Owner | University of Pennsylvania

Construction Manager | P. Anges

Landscape Architecture | Christopher Allen

Civil Engineering | Pennoni Associates, Inc.

Audio, Visual, Telecomm, Acoustics | Shen Milsom & Wilke, LLC

Signage | InkSpot DESIGN Inc.

PART I DEVELOP ELECTRICAL SYSTEM CRITERIA AND SCOPE

UTILITY COMPANY INFORMATION

Medium voltage power is supplied through the University of Pennsylvania campus power distribution system. In this regard, the utilities are paid for by UPenn and utilities costs are not directly calculated for the NBS building here, per thesis electrical advisor comments.

BUILDING UTILIZATION VOLTAGE

The building utilization voltage should be 408/277V, 3PH so that lighting is 277V, receptacles use 120V, and mechanical systems can be on either 208V or 480V, 3PH. Information technology, A/V equipment, refrigerators, freezers, fume hoods, and incubators typically use 208/120V.

EMERGENCY POWER REQUIREMENTS

According to IBC, emergency power shall be designed and constructed to the code as described below:

2702.2.1 Group A occupancies

Emergency power shall be provided for emergency voice/alarm communication systems in Group A occupancies in accordance with Section 907.5.2.2.4.

2702.2.2 Smoke control systems

Standby power shall be provided for smoke control systems in accordance with Section 909.11.

2702.2.3 Exit signs

Emergency power shall be provided for *exit* signs in accordance with Section 1011.5.3.

2702.2.4 Means of egress illumination

Emergency power shall be provided for *means of egress* illumination in accordance with Section 1006.3.

2702.2.5 Accessible means of egress elevators

Standby power shall be provided for elevators that are part of an *accessible means of egress* in accordance with Section 1007.4.

2702.2.6 Accessible means of egress platform lifts

Standby power in accordance with this section or ASME A 18.1 shall be provided for platform lifts that are part of an *accessible means of egress* in accordance with Section 1007.5.

2702.2.7 Horizontal sliding doors

Standby power shall be provided for horizontal sliding doors in accordance with Section 1008.1.4.3.

2702.2.10 Hazardous materials

Emergency or standby power shall be provided in occupancies with hazardous materials in accordance with Section 414.5.4.

2702.2.19 Elevators

Standby power for elevators shall be provided as set forth in Sections 3003.1, 3007.7 and 3008.15.

2702.2.20 Smokeproof enclosures

Standby power shall be provided for smokeproof enclosures as required by Section 909.20.6.2.

SPECIAL OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS

Referencing NEC 2011 Chapter 5, section [500] "Hazardous Locations" is viable given NBS is a laboratory building; there is a greater risk of toxic or flammable elements.

SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

NEC Chapter 6 outlines potential special equipment to be used in the building:

- [600] Electric Signs and Outline Lighting
- [620] Elevators
- [640] Audio Signal Processing and Amplification
- [645] Information Technology Equipment
- [685] Integrated Electrical Systems
- [695] Fire pumps

DESIGN PRIORITY ASSESSMENT

The list below prioritizes the design criteria that drive the electrical solution. All of the following categories are essential but here, relative importance is considered.

Reliability – High
Power Quality – Medium
Redundancy – High
Initial Cost (low initial cost) – Low
Long Term Ownership Cost – Medium
Flexibility – Low

SPECIAL/COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

Below, potential special/communications systems are listed:

Telephone/data
Fire Alarm
CATV
Access Control
Security

Fire Alarm IBC Requirements

907.2 Where required-new buildings and structures

An *approved* fire alarm system installed in accordance with the provisions of this code and NFPA 72 shall be provided in new buildings and structures in accordance with Sections 907.2.1 through 907.2.23 and provide occupant notification in accordance with Section 907.5, unless other requirements are provided by another section of this code.

A minimum of one manual fire alarm box shall be provided in an *approved* location to initiate a fire alarm signal for fire alarm systems employing automatic fire detectors or waterflow detection devices. Where other sections of this code allow elimination of fire alarm boxes due to sprinklers, a single fire alarm box shall be installed.

907.2.1 Group A

A manual fire alarm system that activates the occupant notification system in accordance with Section 907.5 shall be installed in Group A occupancies having an *occupant load* of 300 or more.

Manual fire alarm boxes are not required where the building is equipped throughout with an *automatic sprinkler system* installed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1 and the occupant notification appliances will activate throughout the notification zones upon sprinkler waterflow.

907.5 Occupant notification systems

A fire alarm system shall annunciate at the panel and shall initiate occupant notification upon activation, in accordance with Sections 907.5.1 through 907.5.2.3.4. Where a fire alarm system is required by another section of this code, it shall be activated by:

1. Automatic fire detectors.
2. Sprinkler waterflow devices.
3. Manual fire alarm boxes.
4. Automatic fire-extinguishing systems.

907.5.1 Presignal feature

A presignal feature shall not be installed unless *approved* by the fire code official and the fire department. Where a presignal feature is provided, a signal shall be annunciated at a *constantly attended location approved* by the fire department, in order that occupant notification can be activated in the event of fire or other emergency.

OTHER BUILDING SERVICES

Other building services are listed:

Telephone

Data

CATV

MAJOR EQUIPMENT

Typical for many campus buildings, the NBS building will potentially utilize a main switchgear and corresponding main entrance transformer to distribute power to various switchboards or distribution panels. Step-down transformers, a generator, and automatic transfer switches are likely and require space in the building.

PART II UNDERSTAND THE CURRENT ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

SUMMARY OF ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

As designed, the existing electrical system utilizes a building voltage of 480/277V. Power is supplied at medium voltage through UPenn's campus distribution. A 15kV main switchgear located in the penthouse receives this power at the building service entrance. The power is then connected to a double-ended 480V, 3PH, 4W substation where integral 1500 kVA transformers step-down the power from 13.2 kV to 480Y/277V. A 1200A tie in conjunction with the double-ended substation ensures redundancy for the laboratory building.

Substation 1A services the fire pump, a mechanical distribution panel, legally required loads, and optional standby loads. Substation 1B services the fire pump, life safety loads, and the bus duct. Several lighting and mechanical loads are powered through emergency panels. The central bus duct passes vertically through the NBS building. The 480/277V bus duct provides power for lighting loads through remotely operated circuit breaker panelboards. On every floor, a step-down transformer connected to the bus supplies power to various receptacle and small equipment loads.

A diesel generator located on the roof of the NBS building provides emergency power for the fire pump and a switchboard. This switchboard distributes power to various distribution panels and panelboards. The system is conservative and relatively expensive. The initial cost, however, can be justified given the lab work which requires adequate power in case of an emergency. A laboratory inherently requires more power because of larger pieces of mechanical and other equipment.

UTILITY COMPANY INFORMATION

Same as Part I of this report.

SERVICE ENTRANCE

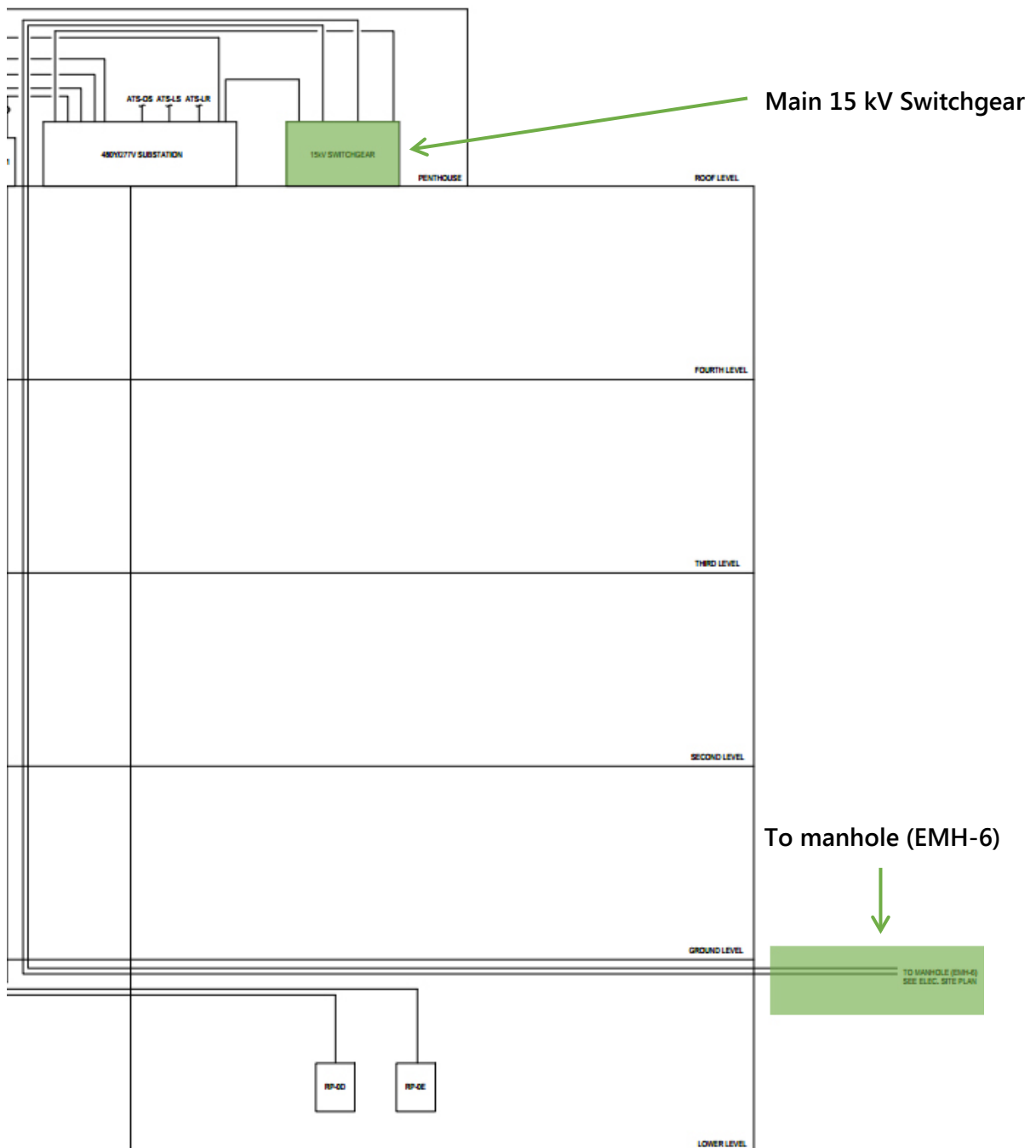
The electrical system is redundant and robust. Two lines of power in rigid conduit at medium voltage (13.2 kV, 3PH, 3W) enter the building on the lower floor, providing power to a 15kV switchgear (18,000 AIC) in the penthouse. The switchgear has a normally open 1200A tie for extra redundancy. Each side of the switchgear has a 1200A draw-out circuit breaker.

Power is then delivered to a double-ended substation. A 1500AA/2000FA kVA dry-type transformer steps the primary 13.2 kVA voltage down to 480Y/277V, 3PH, 4W secondary power to service the substation. Substations 1A and 1B buses are both sized as

480/277V, 3200A, 65,000 AIC units. For added redundancy, a 2500A tie is located between substations 1A and 1B. Both substations have the required primary switch and fuse (125A) and main draw-out 2500A circuit breaker on the secondary side of the transformer. The substation has various-sized fixed molded-case breakers that service equipment and lighting.

From the substations, power is supplied to the main bus duct, fire pumps, lighting, receptacles, and mechanical equipment. The main switchgear and substations are located in the penthouse of the NBS building.

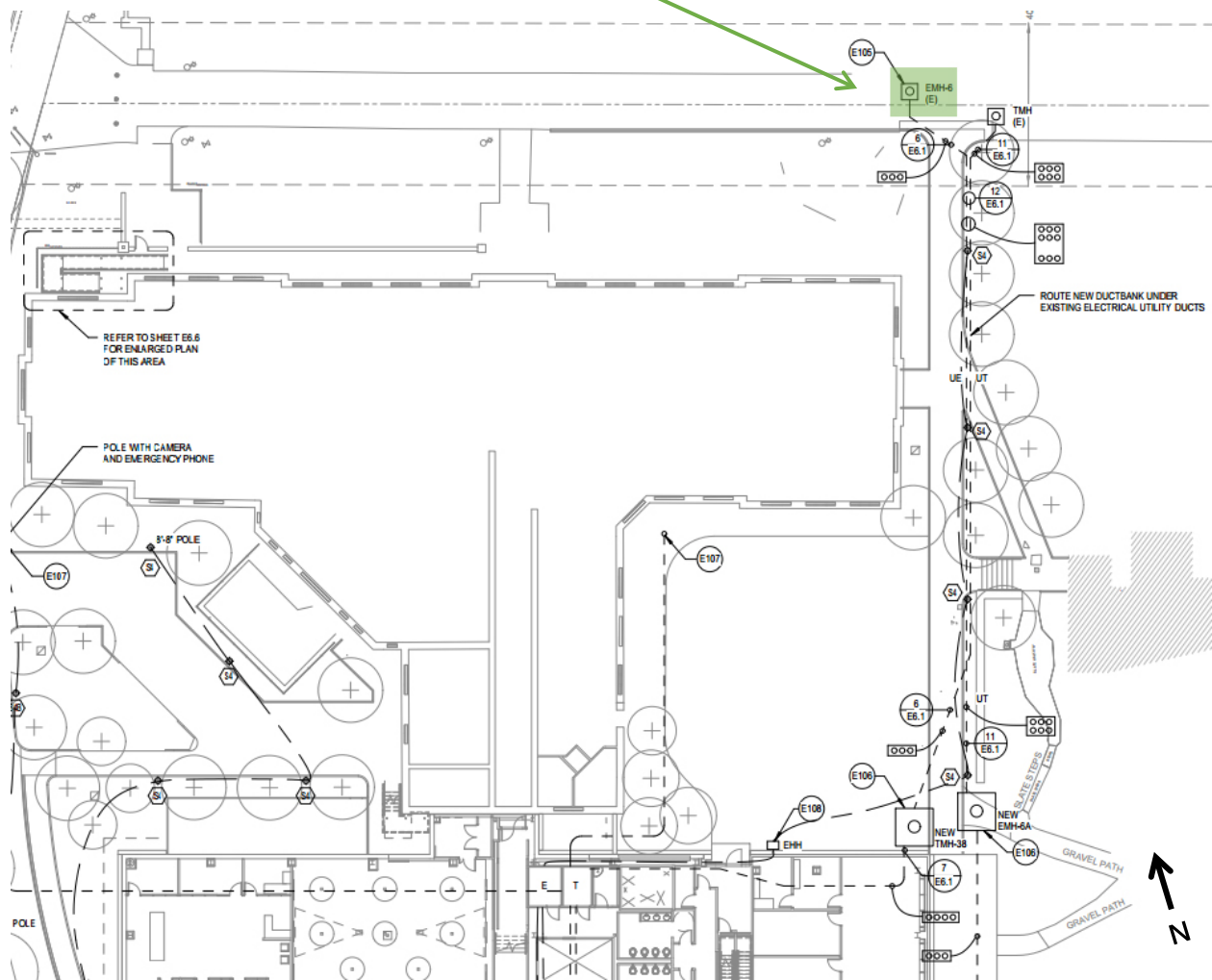
Enlarged Electrical Riser Diagram



Enlarged Electrical Site Plan

Manhole (EMH-6)

Reference: Sheet E5.1B



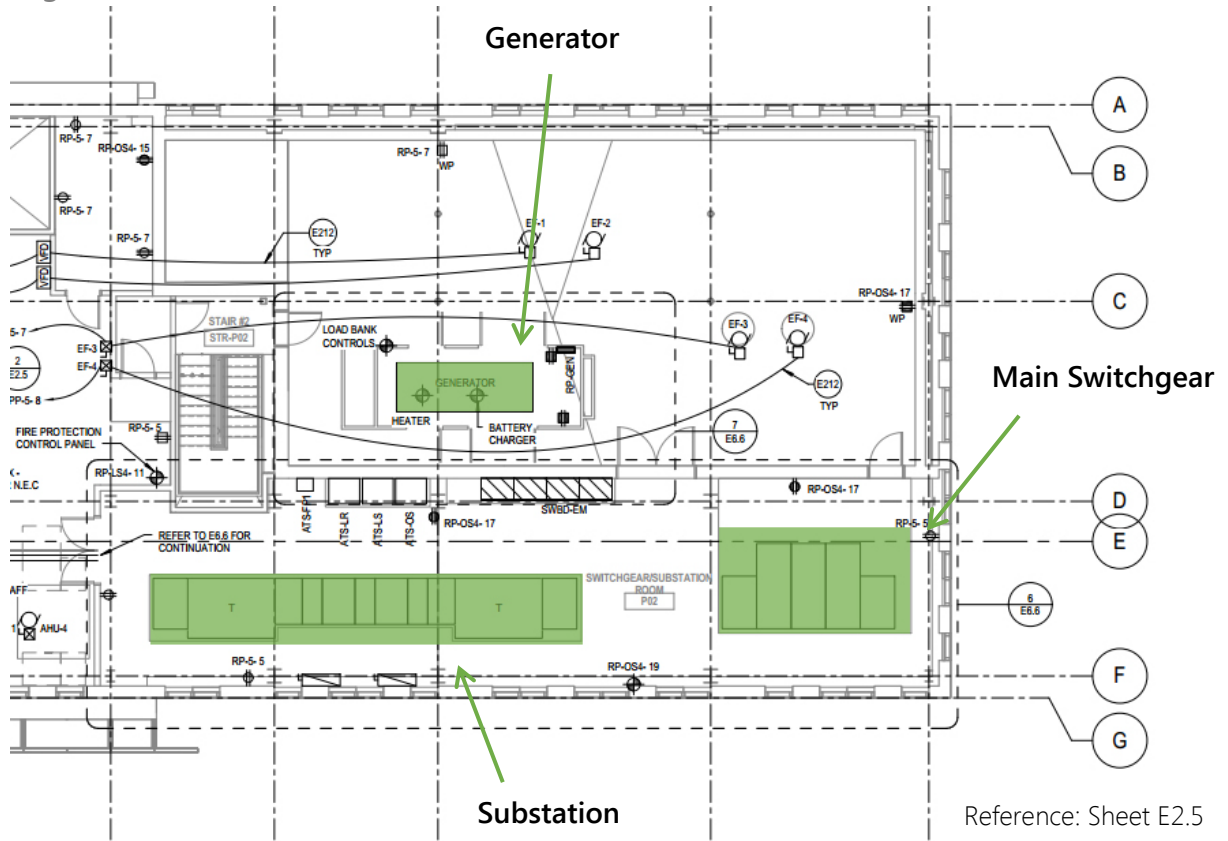
Reference: Sheet E1.0

LOCATION OF MAJOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

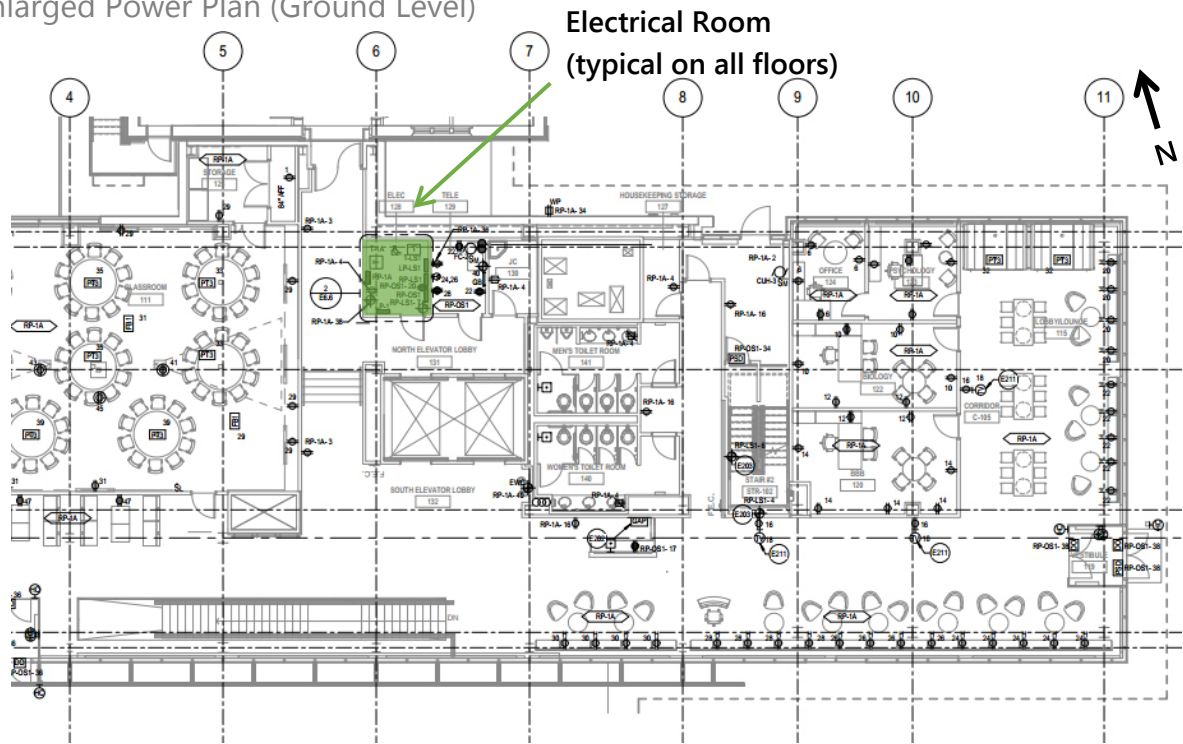
The main switchgear and substations are located in the penthouse of the NBS building. A diesel generator and connected panelboard is located on the northwest end of the roof. The 800A switchboard connected to the generator is also located in the penthouse. Distribution panelboards, panelboards, and automatic transfer switches are located throughout the building in dedicated electrical rooms to the north of each floor plan. A bus duct, thus, runs vertically through these aligned spaces.

The electrical room in the penthouse is approximately 1450 SF while the electrical rooms on each floor are typically 85 SF (425 SF across all floors). This coincides to 2.4% of the overall building area.

Enlarged Power Plan (Penthouse)



Enlarged Power Plan (Ground Level)



Reference: Sheet E2.1

BUILDING UTILIZATION VOLTAGE

Currently, power is distributed by the penthouse substation; the NBS building utilizes primarily 480Y/277V power. The lighting is on a 277V, 3PH, 4W system. An emergency battery lighting unit is on the 120V system, correlating to its connection to emergency power. Most of the mechanical equipment is on the 480Y/277V, 3PH, 4W system; some mechanical equipment like fuel oil pumps, fan coils, and unit heaters are power by 208/120V, 3PH, 4W panelboards. Special equipment as described later are predominately operating on 208/120V, 3PH. The current system is appropriate for the recommended usage:

Lighting – 277V

Receptacle – 120V

Mechanical – 120V and 480V

Special Equipment – 208/120V

EMERGENCY POWER SYSTEM

The present emergency power is supplied by a 500kW diesel generator. This generator supplies power to a 480Y/277V 800A switchboard, central load bank, and 25 HP fire pump (ATS-FP2).

Three automatic transfer switches are used in conjunction with the switchboard. Emergency power is supplied to ATS-LS (life safety), ATS-LR (legally required), and ATS-OS (optional standby). Life safety includes fire protection equipment, emergency lighting, and fire shutters. Legally required power is distributed through a distribution panel which delivers power to a jockey pump, both elevators, machine rooms, and elevator lights. See below for information about optional standby.

A summary of the emergency power devices are listed below:

(1) Emergency Power Switchboard

480/277V, 3PH, 4W, 35,000AIC

(1) Legally Required Distribution Panel

480/277V, 3PH, 4W, 35,000AIC

(1) Optional Standby Distribution Panel

480/277V, 3PH, 4W, 35,000AIC

(2) Life Safety LP panelboards

480/277V, 3PH, 4W, 14,000AIC

480/277V, 3PH, 4W, 35,000AIC

(2) Life Safety RP panelboards

208/120V, 3PH, 4W, 10,000AIC

208/120V, 3PH, 4W, 10,000AIC

(1) Legally Required RP panelboard

208/120V, 3PH, 4W, 10,000AIC

(2) Optional Standby RP panelboards

208/120V, 3PH, 4W, 10,000AIC

208/120V, 3PH, 4W, 10,000AIC

The emergency power system supplies some emergency power to the neighboring Leidy building distribution panel.

See Appendix A drawing E5.2 for layout of emergency power system. See Appendix A Drawings E7.3 to E7.6 for panelboard schedules.

SPECIAL OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS

As noted on drawing G2.1.1 (Appendix A), there is the potential for hazardous material. Corresponding to IBC section 414, this requires control areas. Referencing NEC 2011 Chapter 5, section [500] "Hazardous Locations" does relate to the NBS laboratory building; there is a greater risk of toxic or flammable elements.

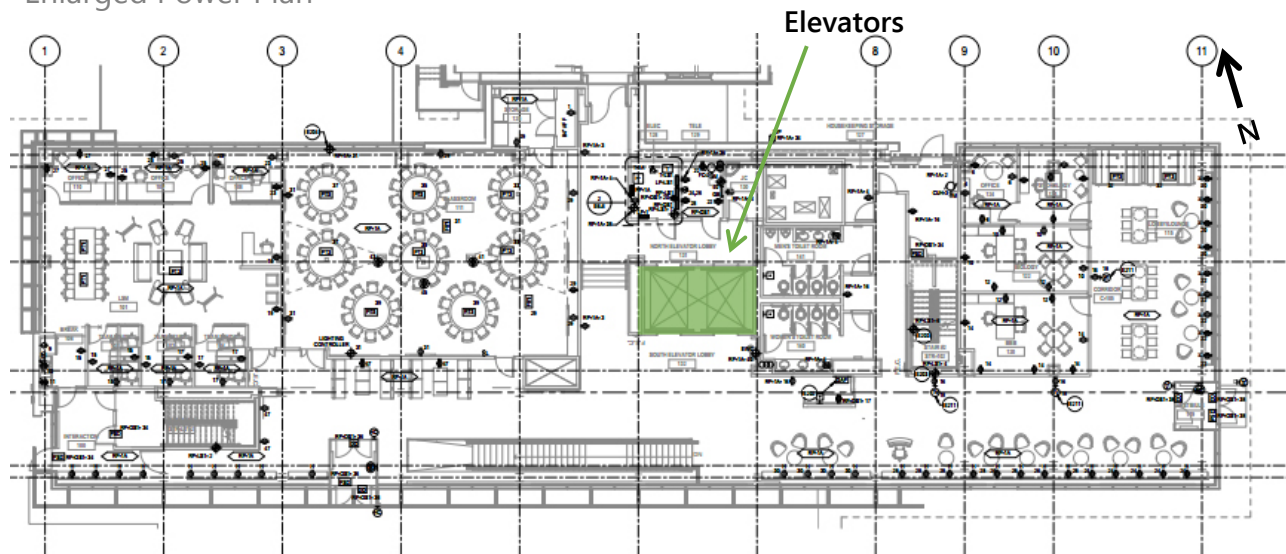
SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

Two main elevators are used in the NBS building. In general, laboratory spaces require lab desks, sinks, and safety equipment.

Special equipment is installed in the lower level of the NBS building. This includes chromatography refrigerators, regular lab refrigerators and freezers, -80°F freezers, incubators, and sterilizers. Biosafety cabinets and fume hoods are also used in lower laboratories. Dry labs require safe storage in cabinets.

Reference Appendix D drawing AQ1.1.2 for equipment schedule.

Enlarged Power Plan



Reference: Sheet E2.1

OPTIONAL BACK-UP POWER

Optional back-up power is supplied by a 480Y/277V, 800A, 3PH, 4W, 65000 AIC switchboard (in penthouse) and controlled by a 400A automatic transfer switch. The switchboard is powered by a 500kW back-up generator located on the roof.

Panelboards RP-OS4 and RP-OS1 as well as exhaust and supply fans are considered for optional power. The panelboards power -80°F freezers, refrigerators, standby lighting, several receptacles, and smoke dampers.

SPECIAL/COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

The NBS building has the following special/communications systems:

- Telephone/data
- Fire Alarm
- CATV
- Access Control
- Security
- Lighting Controls

OTHER BUILDING SERVICES

Likewise, NBS has the following building services:

- Telephone
- Data

CATV

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM EQUIPMENT

Table 1: Major Electrical Equipment					
Tag	Type	Floor	Room #	Room Name	Sheet #
Switchgear	Main Switchgear	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E2.5
1A	Substation	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E2.5
2B	Substation	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E2.5
T-0A	Transformer	Lower	L18	Electrical Room	E2.0A
T-1A	Transformer	Ground	128	Electrical Room	E2.1
T-2A	Transformer	Second	228	Electrical Room	E2.2
T-3A	Transformer	Third	328	Electrical Room	E2.3
T-4A	Transformer	Fourth	428	Electrical Room	E2.4
T-5	Transformer	Penthouse	PO1	Mechanical Equipment	E2.5
T-LS1	Transformer	Ground	128	Electrical Room	E2.1
T-LS4	Transformer	Fourth	428	Electrical Room	E2.4
T-LR	Transformer	Penthouse	PO1	Mechanical Equipment	E2.5
T-OS	Transformer	Penthouse	PO1	Mechanical Equipment	E2.5
G	Generator	Roof	N/A	N/A	E2.5
SWBD-EM	Switchboard	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E2.5
ATS-FP2	Automatic Transfer Switch	Lower	L18	Electrical Room	E2.0A
ATS-FP1	Automatic Transfer Switch	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E2.5
ATS-LS	Automatic Transfer Switch	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E2.5
ATS-LR	Automatic Transfer Switch	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E2.5
ATS-OS	Automatic Transfer Switch	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E2.5

Switchgear

A 15kV (18,000 AIC) main switchgear is located in the penthouse. See "Service Entrance" section of this document for detailed explanation of equipment.

Substation/Transformers

Main substations (480Y/270V, 3200A bus, 65,000 AIC) and integral 1500kVA step-down transformers located in penthouse. Each substation has a 2500A circuit breaker. See "Service Entrance" section of this document for detailed explanation of equipment.

Generator

A 500kW/625 kVA diesel generator is located on the northeastern end of the roof. The generator contains three breakers (800A, 400A, 80A). It services the fire pump, the central load bank, and switchboard which distributes power for life safety, legally required, and optional stand-by equipment.

Bus Duct

A central copper 600A, 35,000 AIC bus duct runs the height of the NBS building. Operating at 480/277V, the duct provides power to remotely operated circuit breaker panelboards on every floor. Additionally, various sized step-down transformers provide 208/120V power to panelboards with receptacle and equipment loads.

Step-down Transformers

Low-voltage transformers are ventilated, NEMA 250, Type 2. Transformers located on every floor to supply 208/120V power to RP panels and 208/120V mechanical/other equipment.

Table 2: Transformer Schedule							
Tag	Primary Voltage	Secondary Voltage	Size	Type	Temp. Rise	Taps	Mounting
TR-1A*	13,200 V 3PH, 4W	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	--	Dry	115° C	(4) 2.5%	Pad
TR-1B*	13,200 V 3PH, 4W	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	--	Dry	115° C	(4) 2.5%	Pad
T-0A	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	208Y/120V 3PH, 4W	112kVA	Dry	115° C	(4) 2.5%	Pad
T-1A	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	208Y/120V 3PH, 4W	45kVA	Dry	115° C	(4) 2.5%	Pad
T-2A	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	208Y/120V 3PH, 4W	75kVA	Dry	115° C	(4) 2.5%	Pad
T-3A	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	208Y/120V 3PH, 4W	75kVA	Dry	115° C	(4) 2.5%	Pad
T-4A	480Y/277V	208Y/120V	75kVA	Dry	115° C	(4) 2.5%	Pad

	3PH, 4W	3PH, 4W					
T-5	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	208Y/120V 3PH, 4W	15kVA	Dry	115° C	(2) 5.0%	Pad
T-LS1	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	208Y/120V 3PH, 4W	15kVA	Dry	115° C	(2) 5.0%	Pad
T-LS4	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	208Y/120V 3PH, 4W	15kVA	Dry	115° C	(2) 5.0%	Pad
T-LR	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	208Y/120V 3PH, 4W	15kVA	Dry	115° C	(2) 5.0%	Pad
T-OS	480Y/277V 3PH, 4W	208Y/120V 3PH, 4W	45kVA	Dry	115° C	(4) 2.5%	Pad

*Transformers located in substation are integral to the unit.

Panelboards

The following table describes the existing distribution panels, bus duct, panelboards, associated loads, and locations. The NBS building utilizes a combination of panelboards with main lugs only or main circuit breakers. All panelboards have copper buses and are to be rated with NEMA 1 enclosures unless otherwise noted on drawings (i.e. NEMA 3R used for wet locations).

Table 3: Panelboards							
Tag	Voltage System	Main size	Main Type	Floor	Room #	Room Name	Sheet #
1A	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	3200A	MCB	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E7.6
1B	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	3200A	MCB	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E7.6
SWBD-EM	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	800A	MLO	Penthouse	P02	Switchgear/Substation Room	E7.6
PP-5	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	600A	MLO	Penthouse	P01	Mechanical Equipment	E7.6
RP-5	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Penthouse	P01	Mechanical Equipment	E7.6
PP-LR	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	250A	MLO	Penthouse	P01	Mechanical Equipment	E7.6
PP-OS	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	400A	MLO	Penthouse	P01	Mechanical Equipment	E7.6
RP-LR	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	60A	MCB	Penthouse	N/A	Not provided	E7.6
LP-0	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MLO	Lower	L18	Electrical Room	E7.3
PP-0A	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	200A	MLO	Lower	L18	Electrical Room	E7.3
PP-0B	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Lower	L08	Meter/Domestic Water Pump Room	E7.3

RDP-0	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	400A	MCB	Lower	L18	Electrical Room	E7.3
RP-0A	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MLO	Lower	L18	Electrical Room	E7.3
RP-0B	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Lower	L12	Molecular Biology	E7.3
RP-0C	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Lower	L11	Molecular Biology	E7.3
RP-0D	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Lower	L06A	Instructional Class Lab Prep Space	E7.3
RP-0E	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MCB	Lower	L06B	Instructional Class Lab Prep Space	E7.3
LP-1	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MLO	Ground	128	Electrical Room	E7.4
LP-LS1	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Ground	128	Electrical Room	E7.4
RP-LS1	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Ground	128	Electrical Room	E7.4
RP-OS1	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Ground	128	Electrical Room	E7.4
RP-1A	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MCB	Ground	128	Electrical Room	E7.4
LP-2	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MLO	Second	228	Electrical Room	E7.4
RP-2A	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MCB	Second	228	Electrical Room	E7.4
RP-2B	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MCB	Second	228	Electrical Room	E7.4
LP-3	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MLO	Third	328	Electrical Room	E7.5
RP-3A	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MCB	Third	328	Electrical Room	E7.5
RP-3B	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MCB	Third	328	Electrical Room	E7.5
LP-4	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MLO	Fourth	428	Electrical Room	E7.5
LP-LS4	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Fourth	428	Electrical Room	E7.5
RP-LS4	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	100A	MCB	Fourth	428	Electrical Room	E7.5
RP-OS4	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MCB	Fourth	428	Electrical Room	E7.5
RP-4A	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MCB	Fourth	428	Electrical Room	E7.5
RP-4B	208/120V, 3PH, 4W	225A	MCB	Fourth	428	Electrical Room	E7.5

Bus Duct*	480/277V, 3PH, 4W	600A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	E7.6
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Overcurrent Protection Devices

Panelboards include a variety of breakers, both MLO and MCB. The NBS building utilizes a variety of sizes as small as 100A and as large as 3200A main breakers on the penthouse substation. The generator has three breakers: an 80A breaker is used in conjunction with ATS-FP2 (fire pump), 400A for the load bank, and 800A for the switchboard distributing life safety, legally required, and optional stand-by power.

Thermal-magnetic circuit molded-case breakers have an inverse time-current element for low-level overloads and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip settings are available for circuit-breaker frames sizes 250A and larger.

Grounding

To provide acceptable grounding, equipment is connected to the grounding busbar in lower level electrical room with #4/0 conductors. All conductors are standard copper with green insulation unless otherwise noted. Equipment in telecom room L19, penthouse electrical room, lower level electrical room, structural steel electrode, cold water pipe electrode, and sprinkler and gas pipe are all connected to the grounding loop.

Grounding is shown in Appendix A drawing E6.1.

Main Risers and Feeders

The service entrance uses THHN-THWN single conductors in raceway. Exposed feeders and branch circuits use THHN-THWN conductors.

Conductors

Copper conductors used throughout the building are THHN wire.

Conduit

The NBS building uses various types of conduits such as electrical metallic tubing (EMT) and intermediate metal conduit (RMC). Type MC is used for final connections to light fixtures and receptacles.

Receptacles

Receptacles are heavy-duty duplex specification grade rated at 20A, 125V. They comply with NEMA WD1, NEMA WD6 configuration 5-20R, and UL 498.

Switch and Receptacle Faceplates

Snap switches are heavy-duty construction, totally enclosed, thermoset material with a quiet toggle handle rated at 120-277V AC and 20A. They comply with NEMA WD1 and UL 20.

Wall plates (both single and combination types) are to match corresponding wiring devices. Satin-finish stainless steel covers are to be used in finished spaces. Unfinished spaces will use galvanized steel while thermoplastic materials with spring-loaded lift covers will be used in damp locations.

Motor Starters

Motors are provided with variable speed drives and are premium-efficiency.

Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)

Existing electrical solution contains no universal power supply.

Special Equipment

Two main elevators are used in the NBS building. In general, laboratory spaces require lab desks, sinks, and safety equipment.

Special equipment is installed in the lower level of the NBS building. This includes chromatography refrigerators, regular lab refrigerators and freezers, -80°F freezers, incubators, and sterilizers. Biosafety cabinets and fume hoods are also used in lower laboratories. Dry labs require safe storage in cabinets.

LIGHTING LOADS

See Appendix B below for lighting fixture schedule.

MECHANICAL AND OTHER LOADS

See Appendix C below for mechanical equipment loads.

SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM/DRAWINGS

Drawings in Appendix A were used to locate and size the electrical and mechanical equipment. Please refer to Appendix A, drawings E5.2 and E5.1. Sheet E5.2 shows the riser diagram. Sheets E5.4 shows the fire protection system diagram.

SUMMARY OF SPECIAL/COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

Below the special/communications services are presented:

Telephone/data

Each floor has a telecom room located to the north. Phone and data is available in every room. Several Wireless Access Points (WAP) are located in the lecture hall, several larger classrooms, and labs.

Fire Alarm

The NBS building is fully sprinkled. Smoke detectors are in all transition spaces, electrical rooms, and telecom rooms. Every room has at least one strobe. The main corridor implements strobes with speakers. Heat detectors are located in the lower mechanical room and penthouse.

CATV

CATV cable runs throughout the building for use in several media displays.

Access Control

Main entrance doors require card access. Access to the building is limited to graduate students and faculty in the evening. Each entrance door and some rooms such as storage or lockers have electronic monitoring hardware (ELM) and Request for Exit sensors (RX).

Security

Several CCTV cameras monitor building entrances and public corridors on the ground floor. There is a security guard located at the southern lobby on the ground floor.

Lighting Controls

Lighting is controlled using a variety of protocols. Some spaces use simple 0-10V dimming while others require ELV dimming such as in the lecture hall. Master controls are used in large spaces for easy scene control. Occupancy sensors are installed in many offices for energy savings; photocells are utilized in public daylight spaces. Corridor, façade, and decorative lighting are on time-control schemes (drawing E7.1).

Reference Appendix A, drawings E6.4 and E6.5 for lighting control diagrams.

Fire Alarm

Wet stand-pipes in the stairwell supply water to the sprinklers. One 25 HP fire pump on the lower level supplies water through 6" sprinkler lines near the bottom of the building. Towards to the higher floors, the pipe reduces to 4" in diameter. This is possible using a 25HP fire pump. Visual and audible strobes, heat detectors, manual-pull stations, and emergency panels ensure the safety of occupants in the NBS building.

Security/Access Control

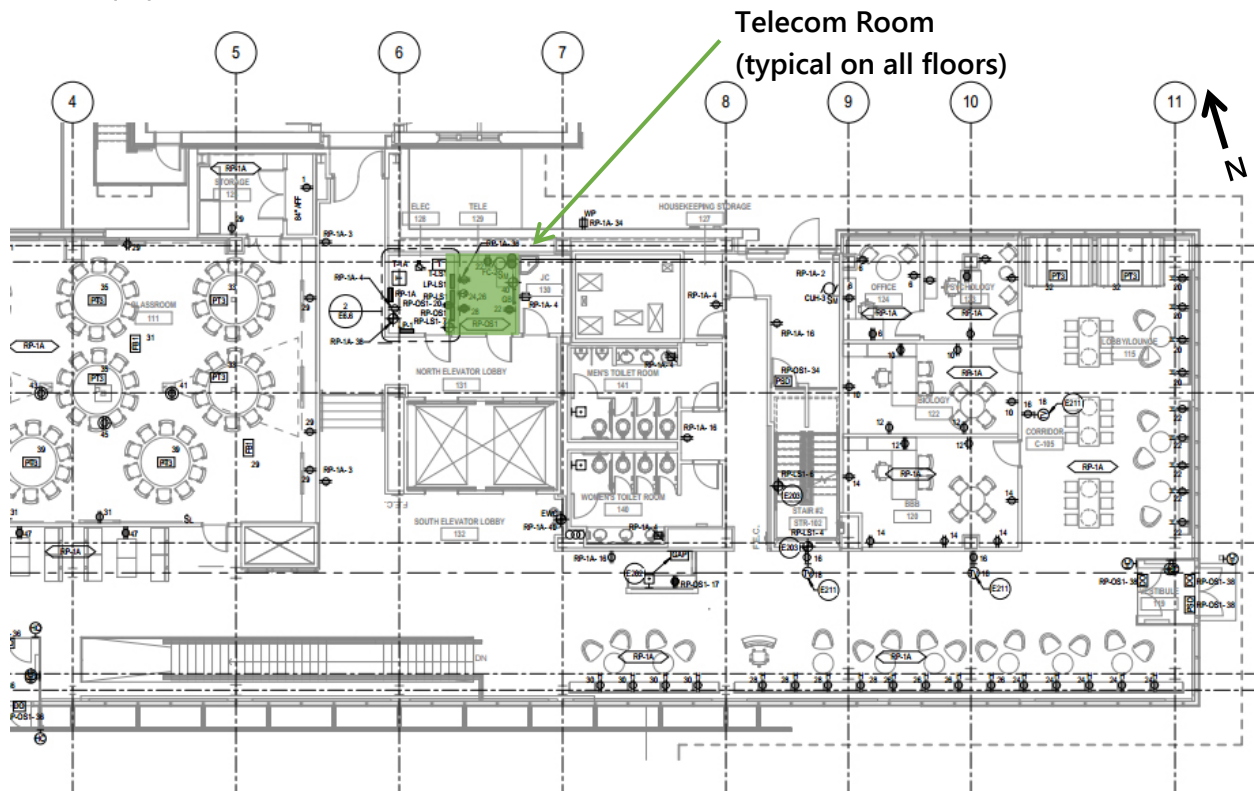
Access control using cards and keypads keep the facility safe from intruders. Major doors have monitoring hardware and request for exit sensors to monitor the flow of traffic in and out of the building. Surveillance cameras with swiveling capabilities monitor major entrances and transition spaces.

Telecommunications and A/V Equipment

78 SF (390 SF (0.5%) across whole building) of each floor is dedicated to a north telecom room. The telecom racks are connected to the existing building to the North and South—lines enter the building on the lower level; lines then travel through risers up the floors. The racks in the telecom rooms are connected to the appropriate panelboards.

A/V equipment includes projectors, televisions, and speakers.

Special Equipment/Communications Plan



Reference: Sheet E2.1

ENERGY EFFICIENT DESIGN

UPenn aims to have the NBS building be LEED Silver certified. In order to do so, lighting is effectively controlled by time-programming, occupancy sensors, and photocell sensors. Daylight is a large part of reduced lighting loads. Load shedding is implemented in the existing electrical design as seen on drawing E5.2 (Appendix A).

The HVAC system is sized to work in tandem with operable windows to optimize thermal comfort through natural ventilation. The building will be powered by 100% green power through Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) purchased by the university.

PART III EVALUATE AS-DESIGNED SYSTEM + IMPROVEMENTS

SERVICE ENTRANCE SIZE

There are several methods for calculating the electrical load for the NBS building. The first method (square foot method) is a rough approximation; the second method (estimated loads method) is more accurate to the actual design, and the last method (actual equipment loads method) accurately describes the present system.

Receptacles have a 100% demand factor for the first 10kVA then a 50% demand factor for the remaining receptacles. Mechanical loads are assumed to have a 100% demand factor; this changes for the actual design as seen below. Part II utilizes 25 VA/SF load for lab equipment. Large refrigerators, incubators, fume hoods, and other lab equipment justify this load. Major laboratory spaces are on the lower level.

All the phases of design—and consequently, this technical report—are summarized here:

Square Foot Method – Schematic Design

Estimated Loads Method – Design Development

Actual Equipment Loads Method – Construction Documents

PART I | Schematic Design

Table 4: Square Foot Method			
Building Type	Area (SF)	VA/SF	kVA
Classroom Building/Lab	77,100	15	1157
Total KVA			1157
Load (Amps) @ 408V			1394
Service Entrance Size			2000A

Predicted lighting and mechanical load is 15 VA/SF. This number is based on experience and electrical thesis consultation—primarily due to large HVAC and laboratory equipment and related loads.

PART II | Design Development

Table 5: Estimated Loads Method				
Load Type	Area (SF)	VA/SF	Demand Factor	kVA
Lighting	77,100	3.0	1.0	231
Receptacles	10,000	1.0	1.0	10
Receptacles	67,100	1.0	0.5	67
Mechanical Equipment	77,100	7.0	0.8	432
Lab Equipment	4,500	25.0	0.8	90
Elevators (2)	77,100	1.1	0.95	80
Total KVA				910
Load (Amps) @ 408V				1096
Service Entrance Size				1500A

PART III | Construction Documents

Table 6: Actual Equipment Loads Method				
Service Equipment	Load type	Connected Load (VA)	Demand Factor	Demand Load (kVA)
Substation 1A	Elevator	86424	0.95	82.1
	Lighting	3617	1.0	3.6
	Power	2650	1.0	2.7
	Receptacles	12060	0.92	11.1
	Mech. Equipment	371854	0.80	297.5
	Other Equipment	17850	1.0	17.9
Substation 1B	Appliance	3500	1.0	3.5
	Lighting	64787	1.0	64.8
	Power	4350	1.0	4.4
	Receptacles	262420	0.52	136.5
	Mech. Equipment	79430	0.80	63.5
	Other Equipment	120246	1.00	120.2
Total KVA				807.7
+ 20% Growth				969.24
Load (Amps) @ 408V				1167.8
Service Entrance Size				2000A

Table 7: Summary and Comparison			
Phase	Voltage System	Load (kVA)	Load (Amps)
Schematic Design	480/277V	1157	1394A
Design Development	480/277V	910	1096A
Construction Documents	480/277V	969	1168A

Table 8: Actual Capacity			
Phase	Voltage System	Size (Amps)	Capacity (kVA)
Substation 1A	Medium Voltage	125A	3248
Substation 1B	Medium Voltage	125A	3248
Total KVA			6496
Summary VA/SF			84*

*The above service entrance capacity demonstrates two important details: first, the electrical system is conservatively designed and hence, oversized. Secondly, the existing electrical system is very robust and has plenty of redundancy in case something was to occur. Medium voltage used is equal to 13.2kV.

BUILDING UTILIZATION VOLTAGE

The implemented system corresponds to the suggested building utilization voltage. A 480/277V system mitigates voltage drops along long-runs across the building. Lighting is on 277V while some mechanical equipment is powered using 120V and others 480V. This makes the system flexible and reduces wire sizes and power consumption. Special equipment can thus be placed on either system.

EMERGENCY POWER SYSTEM

As it stands, the system is very robust. Large quantities of the lighting and special equipment are powered by the generator through a switchboard. As decided by the owner, special equipment including -80°F freezers, refrigerators, and lab equipment ensures that building productivity is not affected by an emergency.

Smoke detectors, heat sensors, fire alarms, and audible and visual strobes are specified to code. A 500kW generator is sufficient for the emergency loads this building requires.

This effectively meets IBC recommendations and promotes safety.

GENERAL EQUIPMENT

The building utilization voltage is appropriate for the building's equipment and purpose. The choice of indoor electrical equipment is compatible with UPenn's campus. Medium voltage power is used effectively to power the building. Being a lab, special consideration for redundancy and emergency power is warranted.

A double-ended substation, central load bank, and placement of electrical equipment are thus efficient but potentially expensive. As a cost of added redundancy, owner costs are higher than typical campus buildings. This could be warranted given the purpose of the building and the equipment.

OPTIONAL BACK-UP POWER

As mentioned above, the added costs of a robust system is warranted at the owner's discretion. Several pieces of equipment and occupant safety calls for a more reliable system. This is reflected in the over-sizing of major electrical equipment.

Higher initial costs means less problems in the future if an emergency were to occur. The owner can maintain productivity and save on equipment costs long term.

SPECIAL/COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

Access control, security, and distributed telecom and data systems are practical. The building is easily operated and guarantees appropriate use of the space. Lighting controls meet ASHRAE 90.1 Standards which provides for an energy efficient space.

IMPROVED COST OF OWNERSHIP

Most notably, a less redundant system would dramatically lower the initial costs and cost of ownership. Having such robust pieces of equipment is expensive and once reduced in size will perhaps still provide enough power. This would inversely mean that less equipment is to be placed on emergency power which could disrupt productivity of the laboratory if power were to go out. A closer study of laboratory equipment is required.

By reducing the substation and feeder sizes and increasing the generator size, critical pieces of equipment can remain operational but one can reduce the cost due to large substations, breakers, panels, and wire. These suggestions require an economical evaluation of product costs and life-cycle trends.

Finally, a monetary evaluation could inform the owner of the advantages and disadvantages of removing the central copper bus duct and instead implementing a more traditional method of electrical distribution. This would be based on wire and conduit size, number of panelboards/distribution panels, breakers, etc.

IMPROVED ENERGY EFFICIENT DESIGN

Currently, the building is designed for LEED Silver. Although good relative to energy efficiency, there is still room for improvement. For one, PV arrays should be considered. Perhaps these could be integral to the southern façade so that the PV arrays receive ample sunlight. Demand shifting is mentioned but not completely apparent in drawings. More focus on demand reduction and demand shifting will help to control peak load.

A more systems-integrated approach could be applied to the whole: this would yield increased energy savings and a more flexible space. Intelligent communication systems between the electrical and mechanical equipment provides opportunities for additional energy savings. BACnet works well with BMS and external lighting control protocols to potentially increase energy savings. A building management system that controls/monitors the whole building including shades, VAV boxes, lighting, etc. will allow the owner to effectively operate the building. This introduces a higher initial cost; evaluation of payback would need to be performed to justify this higher level control system.

Importantly, improved metering and sub-metering (expensive and labor intensive) could provide useful information about the operation of the building. This will allow the owner to monitor energy use throughout the year and later improve the efficiency of the building.

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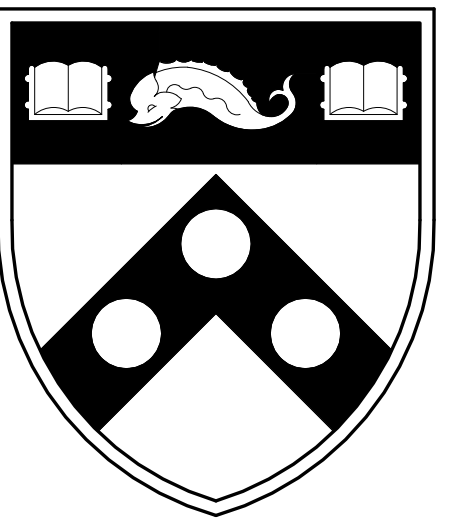
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APPENDIX A ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS

- E5.1A | Electrical One-Line Diagram
- E5.1B | Electrical Riser Diagram
- E5.2 | Emergency Electrical One-Line/Riser Diagram
- E5.3 | Electrical Systems Riser Diagram
- E5.4 | Fire Alarm Diagrams
- E6.1 | Electrical Details
- E6.4 | Lighting Control Diagram
- E6.5 | Lighting Control Diagram
- E7.3 | Lower Level Panelboard Schedules
- E7.4 | Ground and Second Level Panelboard Schedules
- E7.5 | Third and Forth Level Panelboard Schedules
- E7.6 | Penthouse Level Panelboard Schedules



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Table with columns for Initiating Device, Action Initiated, and various detector types (Heat, Smoke, Water Flow, etc.)

NOTE

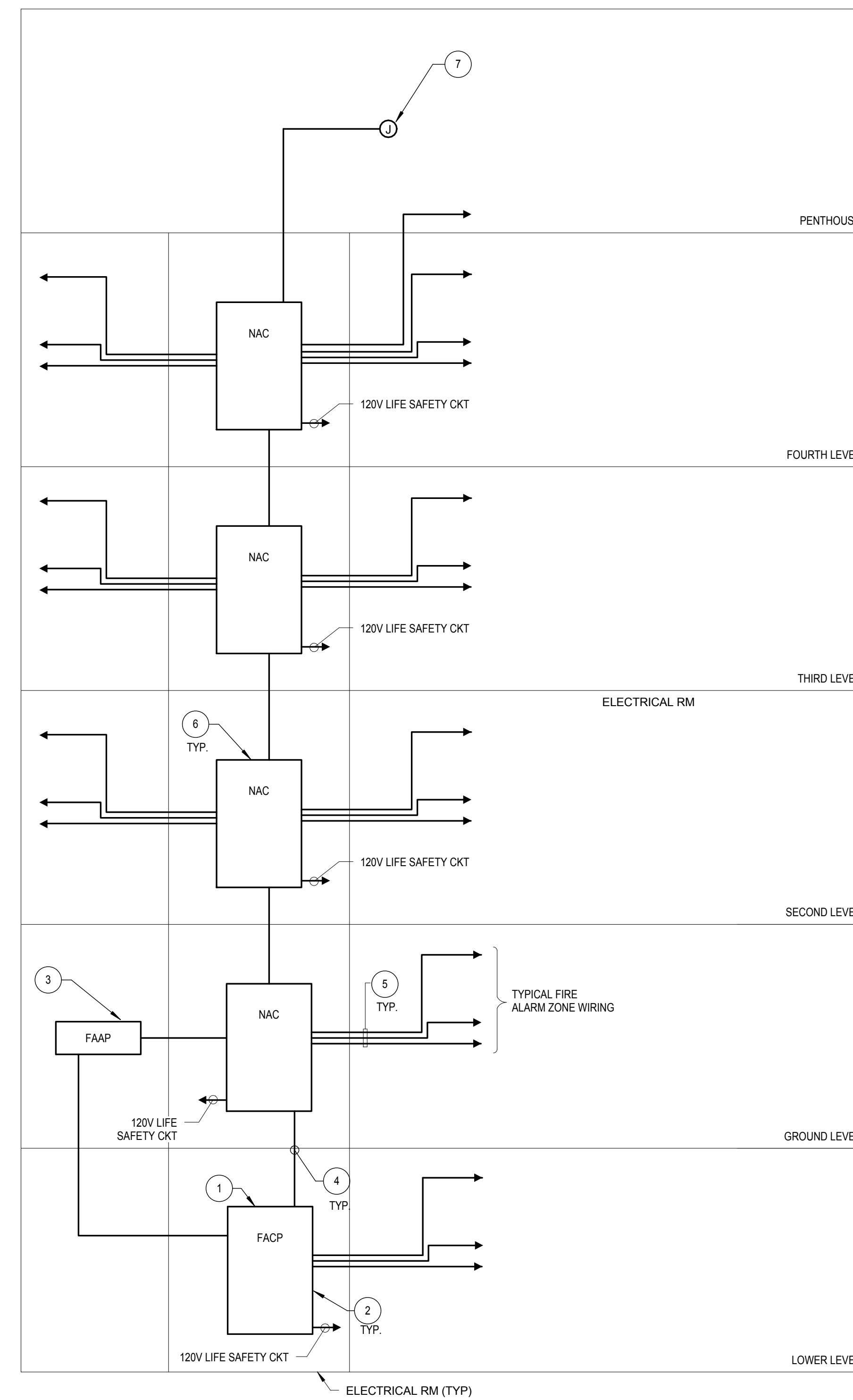
1. THE FIRE ALARM SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL MATRIX PROVIDES FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS OF THE SYSTEM FOR TYPICAL INITIATING DEVICES AND THE RELATED ACTIONS INITIATED. REFER TO SPECIFICATION SECTION 28.31.10 FOR ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONAL AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS.

2. REFER TO DOOR HARDWARE SCHEDULE FOR DOORS WHICH REQUIRE CONNECTION TO FIRE ALARM SYSTEM.

LEGEND

X = FUNCTION INITIATED A = ALARM ANNUNCIATION T = TROUBLE ANNUNCIATION

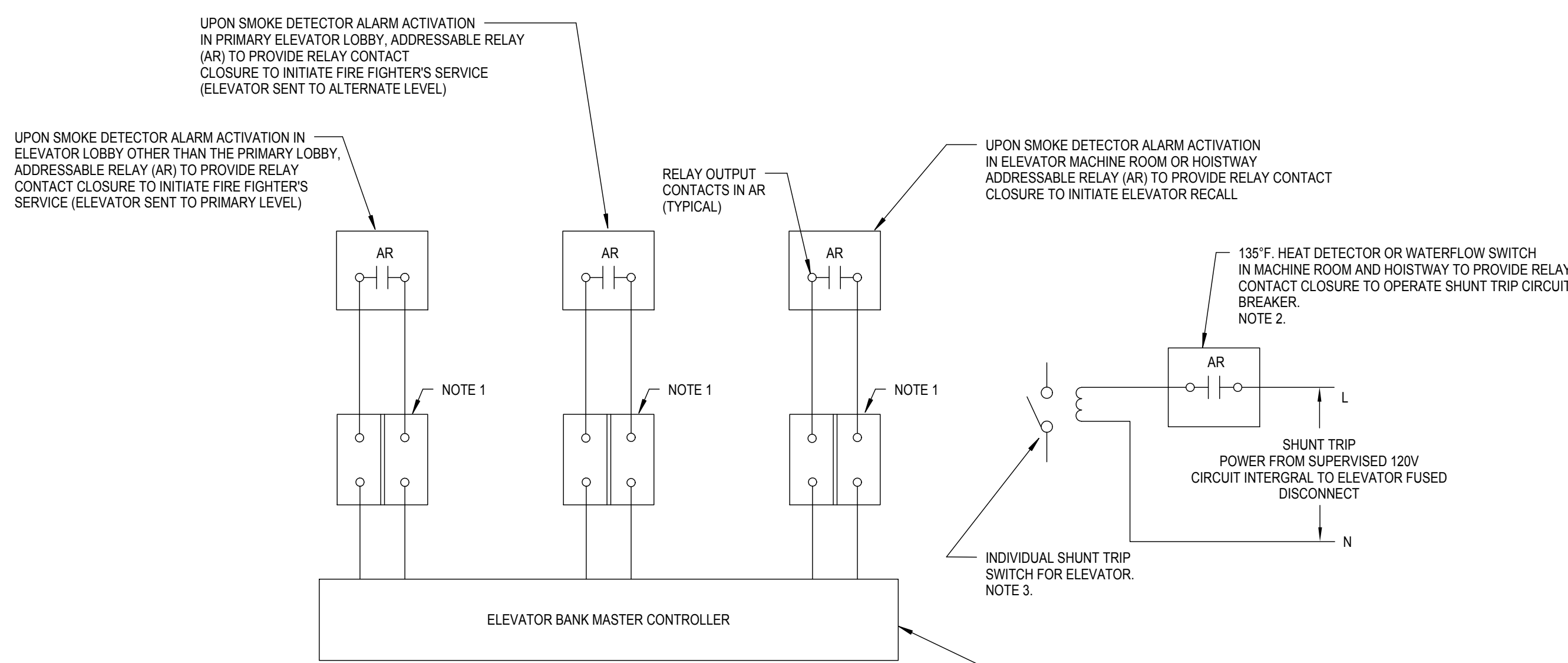
2 FIRE ALARM SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL MATRIX SCALE: NO SCALE



1 FIRE ALARM RISER DIAGRAM SCALE: NO SCALE

KEYED NOTES: FIRE ALARM RISER DIAGRAM

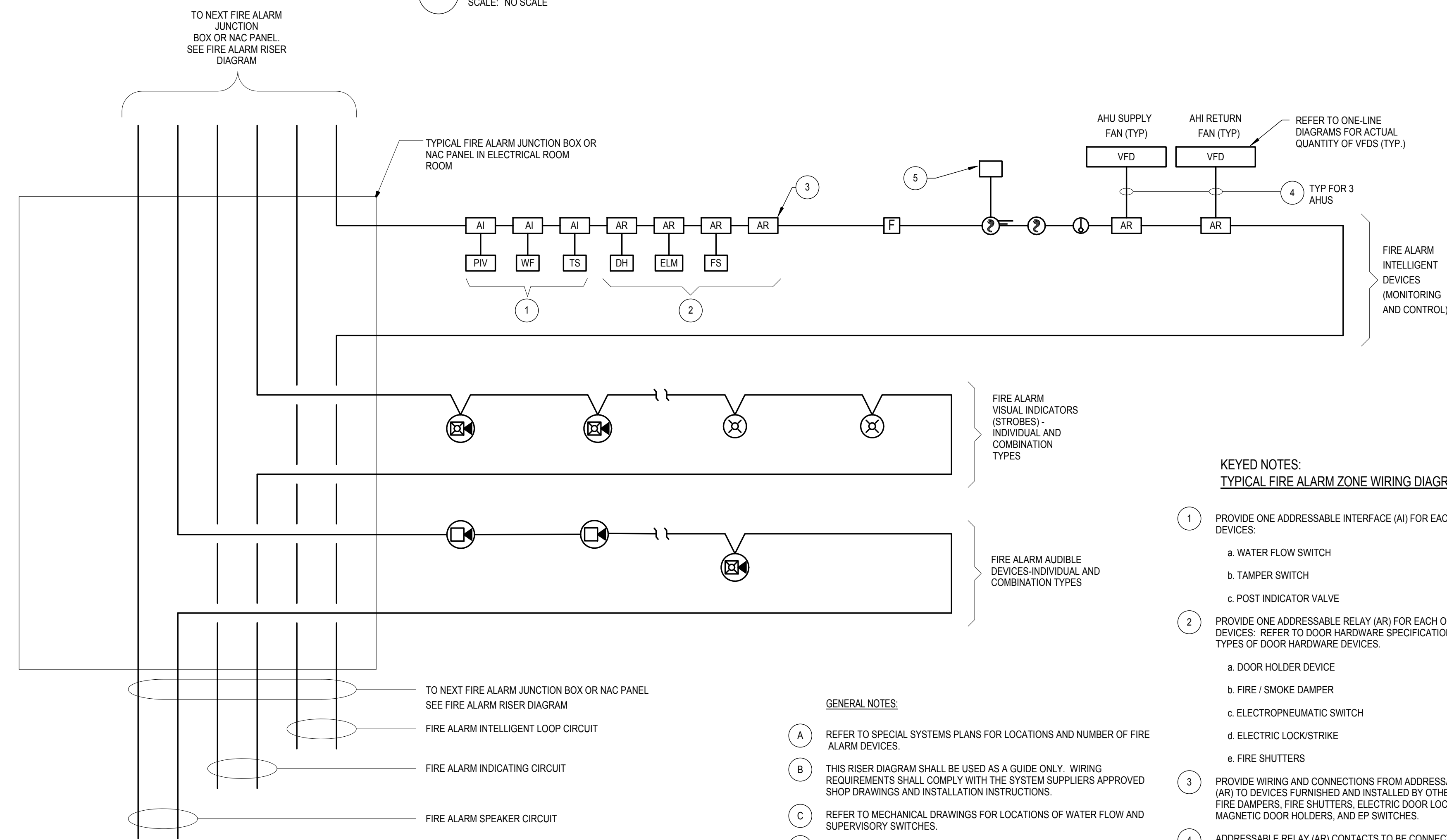
- 1 FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL (FAAP) 2 FIRE ALARM NAC PANEL OR JUNCTION BOX 3 REMOTE FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR PANEL 4 FIRE ALARM VERTICAL RISER WIRING IS TO BE ROUTED BETWEEN THE ELECTRICAL ROOMS VIA CONDUIT AND JUNCTION BOXES. WIRING FOR WATER FLOW SWITCHES AND SUPERVISORY SWITCHES MAY BE ROUTED WITHIN THE STAIRS SERVED. 5 FIRE ALARM HORIZONTAL WIRING IS TO BE ROUTED IN CONDUIT. 6 FIRE ALARM JUNCTION BOX OR NAC PANELS ARE TO BE LOCATED IN ELECTRICAL ROOMS FOR DISTRIBUTION OF VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL FIRE ALARM WIRING. REFER TO TYPICAL FIRE ALARM ZONE WIRING AND DEVICE CONNECTIONS. 7 JUNCTION BOX FOR CONNECTION TO FIRE ALARM SPEAKER IN ELEVATOR CARS.



NOTES:

- 1. JUNCTION BOX WITH TERMINAL STRIP AT ELEVATOR BANK MASTER CONTROLLER OR WHERE REQUIRED BY ELEVATOR TRADES TO INITIATE FIRE FIGHTER'S SERVICE AND RECALL FUNCTIONS. 2. PROVIDE ADDITIONAL RELAY WITH NECESSARY RATINGS IF CURRENT DRAW OF SHUNT TRIP OPERATOR OR ELEVATOR SYSTEM SWITCHING REQUIREMENTS EXCEED CONTACT RATING OF AR. 3. WIRE SHUNT TRIP SWITCH PER MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.

4 ELEVATOR/FIRE ALARM INTERFACE AND POWER SHUT-DOWN DIAGRAM SCALE: NO SCALE



3 TYPICAL FIRE ALARM ZONE WIRING DIAGRAM SCALE: NO SCALE

KEYED NOTES: TYPICAL FIRE ALARM ZONE WIRING DIAGRAM

- 1 PROVIDE ONE ADDRESSABLE INTERFACE (AI) FOR EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEVICES: a. WATER FLOW SWITCH b. TAMPER SWITCH c. POST INDICATOR VALVE 2 PROVIDE ONE ADDRESSABLE RELAY (AR) FOR EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEVICES. REFER TO DOOR HARDWARE SPECIFICATIONS FOR LOCATIONS AND TYPES OF DOOR HARDWARE DEVICES. a. DOOR HOLDER DEVICE b. FIRE / SMOKE DAMPER c. ELECTROPNEUMATIC SWITCH d. ELECTRIC LOCK/STRIKE e. FIRE SHUTTERS 3 PROVIDE WIRING AND CONNECTIONS FROM LOCATIONS OF ADDRESSABLE RELAY (AR) TO DEVICES FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY OTHER TRADES SUCH AS FIRE DAMPERS, FIRE SHUTTERS, ELECTRIC DOOR LOCKS, FIRE SMOKE VENTS, MAGNETIC DOOR HOLDERS, AND EP SWITCHES. 4 ADDRESSABLE RELAY (AR) CONTACTS TO BE CONNECTED TO MOTOR STARTERS AND VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE (VFD) MOTOR CONTROLLERS FOR SUPPLY AND RETURN FANS IN RESPECTIVE AIR HANDLING UNITS. 5 PROVIDE REMOTE VISUAL INDICATOR FOR EACH DUCT SMOKE DETECTOR LOCATE INDICATOR IN RESPECTIVE MECHANICAL ROOM OR RECESSED IN CORRIDOR CEILING TILE. COORDINATE WITH OTHER TRADES TO AVOID ANY INTERFERENCES.

GENERAL NOTES:

- (A) REFER TO SPECIAL SYSTEMS PLANS FOR LOCATIONS AND NUMBER OF FIRE ALARM DEVICES. (B) THIS RISER DIAGRAM SHALL BE USED AS A GUIDE ONLY. WIRING REQUIREMENTS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE SYSTEM SUPPLIERS APPROVED SHOP DRAWINGS AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS. (C) REFER TO MECHANICAL DRAWINGS FOR LOCATIONS OF WATER FLOW AND SUPERVISORY SWITCHES. (D) REFER TO CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR LOCATION OF POST INDICATOR VALVE (PIV).

Table with columns: ISSUED FOR, REV, DATE. Includes entry for ISSUE NO. 2 dated 7/8/2013.

SEALS AND SIGNATURES

KEY PLAN

DRAWING TITLE: FIRE ALARM DIAGRAMS

SCALE: As indicated 22688.000

PROJECT NUMBER

DRAWING NUMBER

E5.4

Panelboard: LP-0

Location: ELEC L18
Supply From: BUS DUCT
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 100%

A.I.C. Rating: 35,000
Mains Type: MLO
Bus Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various lighting and spare circuits.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Includes Equipment, Lighting, and Power.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Distribution Panel: PP-0A

Location: ELEC L18
Supply From: SUBSTATION 1B
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4

A.I.C. Rating: 35,000
Mains Type: MLO
Bus Rating: 200 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, # of Poles, Frame Size, Trip Rating, Load, Remarks. Lists various lighting and spare circuits.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Includes Mechanical Equipment.

Notes:

Panelboard: RP-0A

Location: ELEC L18
Supply From: RDP-0
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 225 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacles and equipment circuits.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Includes Equipment, Power, Receptacles, Mechanical Equipment, and Appliance.

Notes:

Distribution Panel: PP-0B

Location: METER/DOMESTIC WATER...
Supply From: PP-0A
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4

A.I.C. Rating: 14,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 100 A
MCB Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, # of Poles, Frame Size, Trip Rating, Load, Remarks. Lists various lighting and spare circuits.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Includes Mechanical Equipment.

Notes:

Panelboard: RP-0B

Location: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY L12
Supply From: RDP-0
Mounting: FLUSH
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 100 A
MCB Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacles and equipment circuits.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Includes Equipment, Receptacles, and Appliance.

Notes:

Panelboard: RP-0C

Location: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY L11
Supply From: RDP-0
Mounting: FLUSH
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 100 A
MCB Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacles and equipment circuits.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Includes Equipment, Receptacles, and Appliance.

Notes:

Panelboard: RP-0D

Location: INSTRUCTIONAL CLASS LAB...
Supply From: RDP-0
Mounting: FLUSH
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacles and equipment circuits.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Includes Equipment and Receptacles.

Notes:

Panelboard: RP-0E

Location: INSTRUCTIONAL CLASS LABS...
Supply From: RDP-0
Mounting: FLUSH
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 225 A
MCB Rating: 150 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacles and equipment circuits.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Includes Equipment and Receptacles.

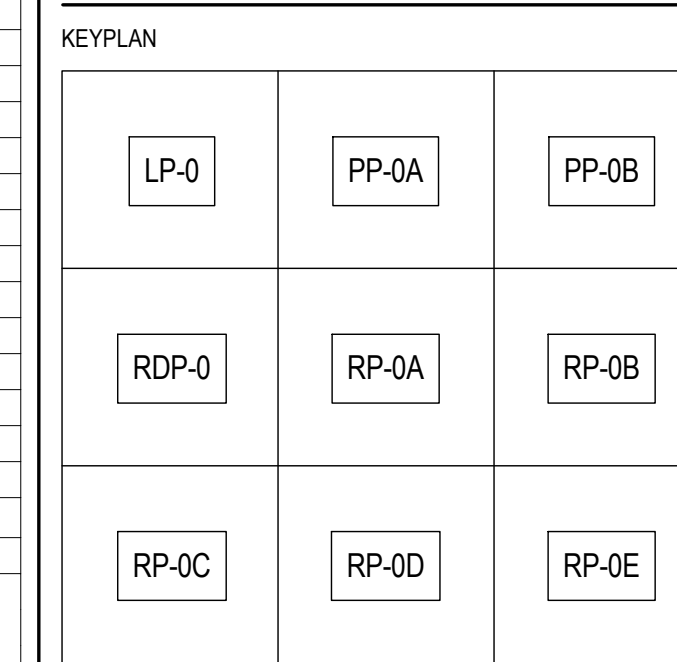
Notes:



Table with columns: ISSUED FOR, REV, DATE. Shows revision history.

ISSUE NO. 2 18JULY2013

SEALS AND SIGNATURES



Panelboard: LP-1

Location: ELEC 128
Supply From: BUS DUCT
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 100%

A.I.C. Rating: 35,000
Mains Type: MLO
Bus Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various lighting and spare circuits.

Summary table for Panelboard LP-1 showing Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, and Panel Totals.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-OS1

Location: ELEC 128
Supply From: RP-OS4
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 100 A
MCB Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacle and control circuits.

Summary table for Panelboard RP-OS1 showing Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, and Panel Totals.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-2A

Location: ELEC 228
Supply From: T-2A
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 225 A
MCB Rating: 150 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacle and spare circuits.

Summary table for Panelboard RP-2A showing Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, and Panel Totals.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: LP-LS1

Location: ELEC 128
Supply From: LP-LS4
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 100%

A.I.C. Rating: 14,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 100 A
MCB Rating: 50 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various lighting and spare circuits.

Summary table for Panelboard LP-LS1 showing Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, and Panel Totals.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-1A

Location: ELEC 128
Supply From: T-1A
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 225 A
MCB Rating: 175 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacle and control circuits.

Summary table for Panelboard RP-1A showing Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, and Panel Totals.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-2B

Location: ELEC 228
Supply From: T-2A
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 225 A
MCB Rating: 150 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacle and spare circuits.

Summary table for Panelboard RP-2B showing Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, and Panel Totals.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-LS1

Location: ELEC 128
Supply From: T-LS1
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 100%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 100 A
MCB Rating: 60 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various fire and spare circuits.

Summary table for Panelboard RP-LS1 showing Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, and Panel Totals.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: LP-2

Location: ELEC 228
Supply From: BUS DUCT
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 100%

A.I.C. Rating: 35,000
Mains Type: MLO
Bus Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various lighting and spare circuits.

Summary table for Panelboard LP-2 showing Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, and Panel Totals.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER



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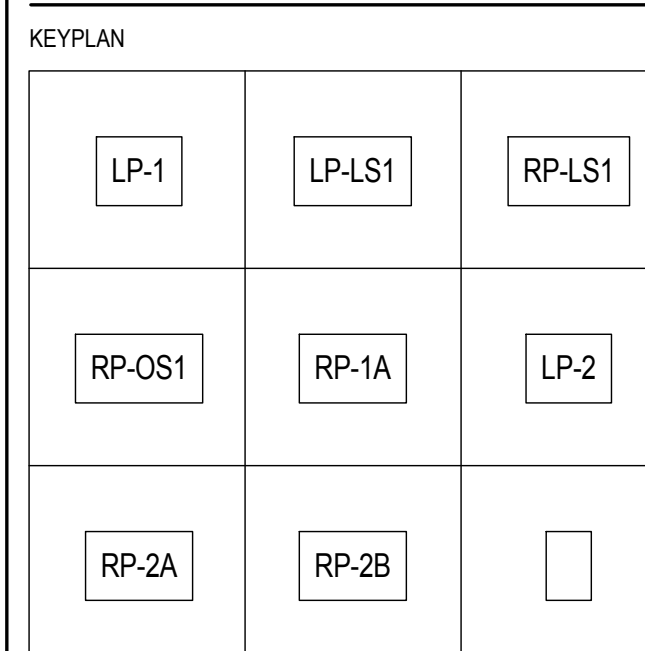
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Table with columns: ISSUED FOR, REV, DATE. Revision table for the drawing.

SEALS AND SIGNATURES



GROUND AND SECOND LEVEL PANELBOARD SCHEDULES

SCALE 22688.000

PROJECT NUMBER

E7.4

DRAWING NUMBER



NEURAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES BUILDING

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Table with columns: ISSUED FOR, REV, DATE. Includes issue numbers 1 through 2 and dates like 18JUL2013.

SEALS AND SIGNATURES

Panelboard: LP-3

Location: ELEC 328 Supply From: BUS DUCT Mounting: Surface Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 480Y/277 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Neutral Rating: 100%

A.I.C. Rating: 35,000 Mains Type: MLO Bus Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various lighting and spare circuits.

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 10938 VA and 18 A.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-3A

Location: ELEC 328 Supply From: T-3A Mounting: Surface Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000 Mains Type: MCB Bus Rating: 225 A MCB Rating: 150 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists receptacles and computer lab circuits.

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 10260 VA and 86 A.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-3B

Location: ELEC 328 Supply From: T-3A Mounting: Surface Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000 Mains Type: MCB Bus Rating: 225 A MCB Rating: 150 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacles and computer lab circuits.

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 13980 VA and 117 A.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: LP-4

Location: ELEC 428 Supply From: BUS DUCT Mounting: Surface Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 480Y/277 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Neutral Rating: 100%

A.I.C. Rating: 35,000 Mains Type: MLO Bus Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists lighting and spare circuits.

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 4654 VA and 17 A.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: LP-LS4

Location: ELEC 428 Supply From: ATS-LS Mounting: Surface Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 480Y/277 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Neutral Rating: 100%

A.I.C. Rating: 35,000 Mains Type: T-LS4 Bus Rating: 100 A MCB Rating: 100 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists LP-LS1 and various spare circuits.

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 9237 VA and 15 A.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-LS4

Location: ELEC 428 Supply From: T-LS4 Mounting: Surface Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Neutral Rating: 100%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000 Mains Type: MCB Bus Rating: 100 A MCB Rating: 80 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists RP-GEN and various spare circuits.

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 1150 VA and 11 A.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-OS4

Location: ELEC 428 Supply From: T-OS Mounting: Surface Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000 Mains Type: MCB Bus Rating: 225 A MCB Rating: 175 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacles and control circuits.

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 17500 VA and 121 A.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-4A

Location: ELEC 428 Supply From: T-4A Mounting: Surface Enclosure: Type 1

Volts: 208Y/120 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000 Mains Type: MCB Bus Rating: 225 A MCB Rating: 150 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacles and control circuits.

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 11160 VA and 96 A.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER

Panelboard: RP-4B

Location: ELEC 428 Supply From: T-4A Mounting: Surface Enclosure: Type 1

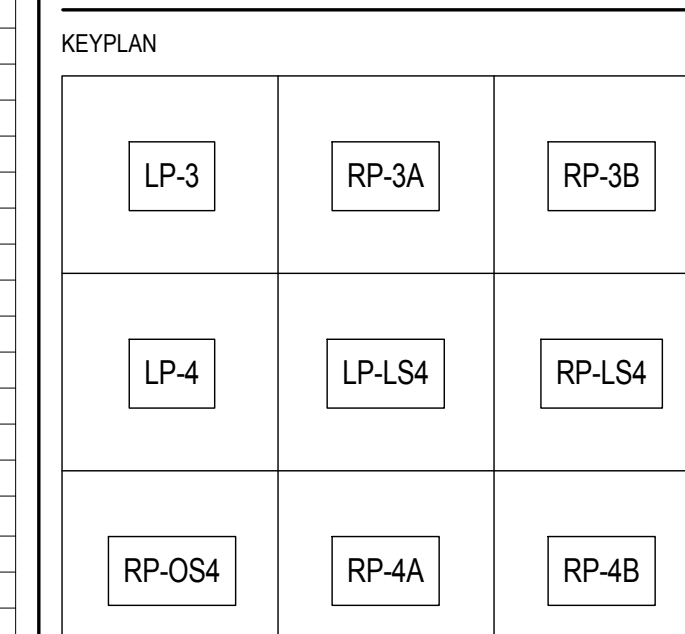
Volts: 208Y/120 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Neutral Rating: 200%

A.I.C. Rating: 10,000 Mains Type: MCB Bus Rating: 225 A MCB Rating: 150 A

Table with columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Lists various receptacles and control circuits.

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 11560 VA and 99 A.

Notes: (EO) - INDICATES ELECTRONICALLY OPERATED CIRCUIT BREAKER



THIRD AND FOURTH LEVEL PANELBOARD SCHEDULES

Table with columns: Load Classification, Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Shows total load of 32740 VA and 110 A.

SCALE: 22688.000

PROJECT NUMBER: E7.5

DRAWING NUMBER

Substation: 1A

Location: SWITCHGEAR/SUBSTATION ROOM P02
Supply From: SUBSTATION TRANSFORMER
Mounting: FREESTANDING
Enclosure:
Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
A.I.C. Rating: 65,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 3200 A
MCB Rating: 2500 A

Table with 7 columns: CKT, Circuit Description, # of Poles, Frame Size, Trip Rating, Load, Remarks. Rows include PP-5, ATS-OS, ATS-LR, SPARE, etc.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Rows include ELEVATOR, EQUIPMENT, LIGHTING, POWER, RECEPTACLES, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT.

Notes:

Substation: 1B

Location: SWITCHGEAR/SUBSTATION ROOM P02
Supply From: SUBSTATION TRANSFORMER
Mounting: FREESTANDING
Enclosure:
Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
A.I.C. Rating: 65,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 3200 A
MCB Rating: 2500 A

Table with 7 columns: CKT, Circuit Description, # of Poles, Frame Size, Trip Rating, Load, Remarks. Rows include BUS DUCT, PP-0A, ATS-LS, SPARE, etc.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Rows include EQUIPMENT, LIGHTING, POWER, RECEPTACLES, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT, APPLIANCE.

Notes:

Switchboard: SWBD-EM

Location: SWITCHGEAR/SUBSTATION...
Supply From: GENERATOR
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1
Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
A.I.C. Rating: 35,000
Mains Type: MLO
Bus Rating: 800 A

Table with 5 columns: CKT, Circuit Description, # of Poles, Frame Size, Trip Rating, Load, Remarks. Rows include ATS-LS, ATS-LR, ATS-OS, SPARE.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Rows include ELEVATOR, EQUIPMENT, LIGHTING, POWER, RECEPTACLES, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT.

Notes: PROVIDE UL891 SWITCHBOARD CONSTRUCTION WITH SEPARATE VERTICAL SECTIONS COMPLIANT WITH NEC ARTICLE 700.

SUBSTATION CIRCUIT BREAKER SETTINGS SCHEDULE

Table with 8 columns: CIRCUIT BREAKER, SENSOR, PLUG, LTPU, LTD, STPU, STD-I2D, INST. Rows include 1A-MAIN, 1A-1, 1A-2, 1A-3, TIE, 1B-MAIN, 1B-1, 1B-2, 1B-3.

Distribution Panel: PP-5

Location: MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT P01
Supply From: SUBSTATION 1A
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1
Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
A.I.C. Rating: 65,000
Mains Type: MLO
Bus Rating: 600 A

Table with 7 columns: CKT, Circuit Description, # of Poles, Frame Size, Trip Rating, Load, Remarks. Rows include SF-1A & 1B, SF-1C & 1D, RP-1, SF-2A & 2B, SF-2C & 2D, RF-2, EF-3, EF-4, VP-1, T-5, AHU-4, SPARE.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Rows include EQUIPMENT, RECEPTACLES, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT.

Notes:

Panelboard: RP-5

Location: MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT P01
Supply From: T-5
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1
Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 100%
A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 100 A
MCB Rating: 60 A

Table with 10 columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Rows include UH-1, UH-2, UH-3, UH-4, RECEPTACLES - PENTHOUSE, etc.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Rows include EQUIPMENT, RECEPTACLES, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT.

Notes:

BUS DUCT

Location: ELEC 428
Supply From: SUBSTATION 1B
Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Bus Rating: 600 A

Table with 5 columns: CKT, Circuit Description, # of Poles, Frame Size, Trip Rating, Load, Remarks. Rows include LP-0, T-0A, LP-1, T-1A, LP-2, T-2A, LP-3, T-3A, LP-4, T-4A.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Rows include EQUIPMENT, LIGHTING, POWER, RECEPTACLES, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT, APPLIANCE.

Notes:

Distribution Panel: PP-LR

Location: MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT P01
Supply From: ATS-LR
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1
Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
A.I.C. Rating: 35,000
Mains Type: MLO
Bus Rating: 250 A

Table with 7 columns: CKT, Circuit Description, # of Poles, Frame Size, Trip Rating, Load, Remarks. Rows include ELEVATOR 1, ELEVATOR 2, T-LR, ESP-1, JOCKEY PUMP, SPARE, WSP-1, SPARE.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Rows include ELEVATOR, EQUIPMENT, LIGHTING, POWER, RECEPTACLES, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT.

Notes:

Distribution Panel: PP-OS

Location: MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT P01
Supply From: ATS-OS
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1
Volts: 480Y/277
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
A.I.C. Rating: 35,000
Mains Type: MLO
Bus Rating: 400 A

Table with 7 columns: CKT, Circuit Description, # of Poles, Frame Size, Trip Rating, Load, Remarks. Rows include EF-1, EF-2, SF-3A & 3B, T-OS, HHWP-3, HHWP-4, WSP-1, SPARE, SPARE.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Rows include EQUIPMENT, LIGHTING, POWER, RECEPTACLES, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT.

Notes:

Panelboard: RP-LR

Location:
Supply From: T-LR
Mounting: Surface
Enclosure: Type 1
Volts: 208Y/120
Phases: 3
Wires: 4
Neutral Rating: 100%
A.I.C. Rating: 10,000
Mains Type: MCB
Bus Rating: 60 A
MCB Rating: 60 A

Table with 10 columns: CKT, Circuit Description, Trip, Poles, A, B, C, Poles, Trip, Circuit Description, CKT. Rows include MACHINE ROOMS LIGHTS & RECEPTACLES, ELEVATOR 2 HOISTWAY LIGHTS &..., etc.

Load Classification table with columns: Connected Load, Demand Factor, Estimated Demand, Panel Totals. Rows include EQUIPMENT, LIGHTING, RECEPTACLES, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT.

Notes: * PROVIDE PROVISION FOR LOCKING OR ADDING A LOCK TO THE CIRCUIT BREAKER PER NEC 620.55



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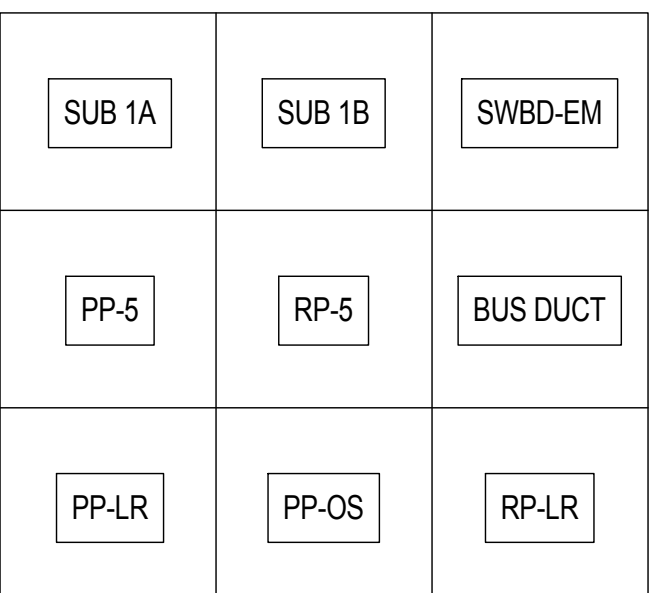
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Table with 3 columns: ISSUE FOR, REV, DATE. Multiple rows for revision tracking.

SEALS AND SIGNATURES

KEYPLAN



DRAWING TITLE

PENTHOUSE LEVEL PANELBOARD SCHEDULES

SCALE

22688.000

PROJECT NUMBER

E7.6

DRAWING NUMBER

| APPENDIX B FIXTURE SCHEDULE

| APPENDIX C MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT

| APPENDIX D EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE

